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## Child only grant

Grants for child care centers can be a limited source of funding, because many day cares are for-profit organizations and most grants are available only to schools and nonprofit organizations. However, grant opportunities do exist for both for-profit and nonprofit child-care centers. Most grants are awarded for specific purposes, including: capital upgrades, renovations and playgrounds; snacks and meals; and staff development education. For example, the USDA sponsors the Child and Adult Care Food Program to help cover the cost of food. Grants are also available for child care centers that focus on education. The Lego Children's Fund provides grants to centers that inspire creativity and innovation among their students. Although many child care centers are for-profit businesses, some serve low-income families who need these services while the parents work. Grants for these types of organizations allow them to keep fees affordable. One example is California's Low Income Investment Fund, which sponsors the California Preschool Energy Efficiency Program that helps child-care centers and preschools update their appliances to energy-efficient ones. It also provides grants for renovations and upgrades in child-care centers in San Francisco and Alameda. Foundations are a major source of grants. For example, Rosie's for All Kids is a foundation that provides funds for equipment and supply upgrades as well as staff development and education, and the Terri Lynne Lokoff Child Care Foundation funds child-care centers in Pennsylvania. The foundation also co-sponsors a Children's Tylenol®National Child Care Teacher Award that honors day-care teachers with innovative ideas. State governments are another common source of child-care grants. For instance, North Dakota set aside \$500,000 for child care centers that can be used for infrastructure or technical assistance. The grant must be matched with funds raised by the organization. And in Nebraska, emergency grants are available for centers that need to make upgrades to comply with licensing standards. Most child-care center grants are awarded annually, with the expectation that the grant will be used within that year. For instance, the Rosie's for All Kids grant has a 12-month duration. However, some are longer, such as the Annie E. Casey Foundation's multiyear grants that are often awarded to large organizations for capacity building or research. Many people think of grants as "free money," and that's essentially what they are--money you never have to pay back (unlike loans). They do require preparation if you want to receive one, but grants allow many people to pursue projects they wouldn't have the chance to pursue otherwise. Some grants help schools, nonprofits and other entities to improve their facilities. Typically these entities serve the public and don't have the funds to complete renovations on their own. Grants often provide funds for rebuilding or renovating damaged structures, weatherproofing buildings, making structures more environmentally friendly, or adding additional structures to serve the needs of a growing population. Some grants provide funds for technology, books and other crucial materials in schools and community centers, as well as professional development for teachers. Others provide funds to enrichment programs like summer camps to support economically disadvantaged children who wish to participate. Other grants allow towns, cities, schools and other entities to prepare for emergencies. Funds may support training and equipment that facilitate preparedness, or pay the salaries of emergency workers. Such grants help communities to stay safe and give people a sense of security. Grants support many other social programs too, such as environmental improvement projects, literacy centers and programs that assist people with disabilities. Many corporations invest funds in such programs at home or abroad, as the Chronicle of Philanthropy website says. Often a program must have nonprofit status, be a government institution, or be affiliated with a school to receive such a grant. These grants help communities to grow stronger and take care of those who need assistance most. Numerous grants from associations like the National Institutes of Health and the National Science Foundation support groundbreaking academic research. Through this funding, researchers learn how to overcome diseases, social disparities and other major concerns. Some researchers use grants to study languages and other cultural traditions. These grants are important to institutions of higher education because they help the school to develop a reputation for excellence in scholarship. Grants fund artistic endeavors as well, supporting visionary projects that may help people to see the world from a new perspective. The National Endowment for the Arts and many foundations provide such funding. Like research grants, these sources of funding help colleges and universities to build their reputations. The U.S. government provides grants for a variety of purposes and, depending on your situation, you or your business could qualify for assistance. The vast array of grant programs can be confusing to those who have never obtained a grant. Understanding what grants are and how they work can increase your odds of being awarded one. Local governments, schools, non-profit groups, small businesses and individuals are potential recipients of grants. The federal government does not provide grants for businesses unless they have nonprofit status. Before applying for a grant, research the rules and eligibility requirements associated with the grant award. Most grantmaking organizations require you to fill out an application for consideration. Many applications also require a grant proposal that outlines in specific detail how you would use the money to benefit your cause or group. To find grants that are available from the federal government, visit the government grants website. Search through the available grant programs and sort them by eligibility and program categories. Besides grants to help expand nonprofit entities and other types of organizations, the government also offers grants for individuals for education purposes. These grants provide people with money that they can use to help pay for the expenses associated with getting a college education. For example, the Pell Grant program is one of the most common types of grants that qualified students use to help pay for school. This program provides up to \$5,550 per student per year to pay for expenses. A grant is a type of financial aid to students that they don't have to repay. Some of the most common grants include Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG) and merit-based grants. Students can apply to the federal government, state government, schools and private organizations for this type of financial aid.Deeper definitionThe U.S. Department of Education offers four grants to students at two-year and four-year colleges, universities and career education schools. Undergraduate students who have not already earned a bachelor's degree and demonstrate financial need may apply for a Pell Grant.Students at select schools who demonstrate the greatest financial need may apply for an SEOG with a maximum award of \$4,000 per year. Individuals who agree to teach in a high-need field at a school that serves low-income families may qualify for a Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education Grant worth up to \$4,000.Students who do not meet the criteria for a Pell Grant and have a parent who died while serving in Iraq or Afghanistan may qualify for an Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant.To apply for grants, you must first complete the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) to determine your economic status for grants and scholarships. Once you know this, you can start applying for grants. Pay attention to the award requirements, and fully complete each application.In most cases, students do not have to pay back the money they receive from grants. Some grants have obligations that qualifying students must meet.For example, students who receive a TEACH Grant must work as a highly qualified teacher at a certain type of school for a period of four years. If they fail to meet these obligations, the Department of Education converts the grant to a student loan, which the student must pay back. Grant exampleTo find out which grants make up your financial aid package, review the reward letter you received from your school. It lists the grants you receive and the amount of each award. For example, if you qualify for a federal Pell Grant, you see how much the government gives you. If you qualify for the maximum Pell Grant, you receive more than \$5,000 for the year.Are you saving for college and not sure if you qualify for grants? Compare your options for savings accounts and maximize your investment. All submitted funding applications undergo a two-step peer review process by outside scientific experts. In the first step, your grant application will be reviewed by a study section organized by NIH's Center for Scientific Review or NIDDK. The study section will assign numeric priority ratings to your application based on its scientific merit and feasibility. Specific criteria for review can be found in the funding announcement for your grant. R01s, R21s, and SBIR grant applications are typically reviewed by NIH's Center for Scientific Review. To learn more about NIH's review process visit the NIH Office of Extramural Research. You can also view NIH's Consolidated List of Reviewer Documents. RFAs, Ks (K01, K08, K23, K25, K99), Ts (T32, T35), Fs (F30, F31, F32), Rs (R03, R18, R25, R34), P01s, U01, U34, and ancillary study grant applications are typically reviewed by study sections organized by NIDDK staff. If you believe that your application has been assigned to the NIDDK for review in error, contact your Scientific Review Officer (SRO). SRO contact information is available on eRA Commons. For other questions, contact a Grant Review Staff member. In the second step, the NIDDK's National Advisory Council approves the study section's recommendations. This process is mandated by U.S. law. Tracking an Application Information specific to your application will be posted to your eRA Commons account throughout its review. Become an NIDDK Reviewer NIDDK looks for reviewers at different career stages with a wide variety of scientific expertise. Submit your CV Benefits include: Giving back to the scientific community Staying abreast of the current state of the science Improving your own grant applications by being familiar with the process The "Four Weddings and a Funeral" star used his Twitter account to announce Saturday: "Am thrilled my daughter now has a brother. Adore them both to an uncool degree." He said both children "have a fab mum" and: "To be crystal clear, I am the Daddy." The birth was confirmed by Grant's publicist, Carrie Gordon. Grant's sometime girlfriend Tinglan Hong gave birth to the couple's daughter in 2011. Image: Hugh Grant, via vipflash / Shutterstock.com

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